Five Best Practices for **Cloud Security**

Follow these best practices to strengthen your security posture while running Windows Server and SQL Server in the cloud.



Assume a Zero Trust stance

Instead of assuming safety behind the corporate firewall, operate under the assumption of a breach and rigorously verify every user and request. Zero Trust adapts to the complexities of remote workforces and helps safeguard systems, apps, and assets regardless of their location.



Institute multi-factor authentication

Provide another layer of security by requiring two or more of the following authentication factors:

- Something you are Like a fingerprint
- Something you know Like a password

Something you have

- **Consolidate your identity and access**
- Like a phone

management (IAM) tools Rather than relying on a patchwork of solutions, centralize

your IAM solutions so your identity management professionals can work quickly to outpace potential attackers. **Automate least privileged access**

Simplify access management in multi-cloud environments by automating least privilege policy enforcement to protect your most sensitive cloud resources without compromising productivity.



Enable code-to-cloud security

Using a cloud-native application protection platform—like Microsoft Defender for Cloud—helps safeguard cloud-based applications throughout the entire app lifecycle across multicloud and hybrid environments.

Assess your current security posture

Get your secure score to understand where your security gaps are. Use <u>Defender</u> to get actionable recommendations for reducing risk and enhancing your security posture.

Keep stakeholders in the loop

Track your secure score over time and create shareable, interactive reports to show stakeholders how your team continually improves your organization's cloud security posture.

Embed security across the development lifecycle

Give your DevOps team a single pane of glass that provides full visibility of your security posture across continuous integration and delivery pipelines.

Activate cloud-native defenses

Microsoft is the only public cloud provider with an integrated CNAPP in the cloud portal for defending hybrid and multicloud workloads.3



Secure apps and data to prepare for Al adoption Use a layered defense strategy across identity, access,

to include Al.

networks, and hosts, and adapt your security strategy

Encryption

Reduce the likelihood of attacks from the inside by encrypting sensitive data stored in your SQL Server database.

Build a secure IT foundation for AI advancement

Prepare to innovate with AI by securing your infrastructure against threats across hybrid and multicloud environments. Watch the on-demand webinar for practical tips and demos.

Security responsibilities change when you shift from on-premises to a cloud-first or hybrid environment.

Share the responsibility

Find out which responsibilities can be moved from your organization to your cloud provider.

15,000+ 34.7B

Partner with a trusted cloud provider

identity threats blocked in one 12-month period

partners in the Microsoft security ecosystem

cybercriminal domains removed to date4

100,000



respond—should be informed by security intelligence that exposes malicious actions early and hastens your team's response to incidents.

Operational security posture—protect, detect, and

Virtual Machines, on-premises, and hybrid environments.

Identify vulnerabilities

Incorporate threat intelligence Use a threat modeling framework to generate a list of potential

threats and identify means of reducing or eliminating those risks.

Use an integrated vulnerability assessment scanner to help

remediate potential vulnerabilities in your SQL Servers on

Cloud-native SIEMs—like Microsoft Sentinel—offer a streamlined view of your data to help detect, investigate,

and event management (SIEM)

Consider a cloud-native security information

and respond to threats before they harm business operations.



network

Make it harder for attackers to exploit your networks by establishing multilayered network security across public, private, and hybrid cloud networks.



Enable distributed denial-of-service

(DDoS) protection

Use a cloud-native network firewall

A cloud-native network firewall will let you inspect network traffic in real time and prevent the transmission of malware through hybrid connections.

Disable lateral threat movement Segmenting your network minimizes the "blast radius" when

unauthorized users access to your data so they can't propagate

across your network. **Secure legacy systems**

Ensure your workloads are safe with the most up-to-date security upgrades.

Strengthen security for

cloud and hybrid workloads

Get expert help and guidance on your cloud adoption journey

through Azure Migrate and Modernize.

Learn more >

² Microsoft Digital Defense Report 2022 Executive Summary

Microsoft Defender for Cloud provides CNAPP security | Microsoft Security Blog

Enterprise-grade DDoS protection helps defend virtual networks and public IP endpoints from malicious traffic to ensure legitimate users don't lose access to their applications.